

# GREENSTEIN BRINGS SUIT FOR \$50,000

## TREVINO DECLARES CARRANZA ESCAPE NOW IMPOSSIBLE

DEPOSED PRESIDENT REPORTED TO BE TRYING TO ESCAPE THROUGH PART OF NAULTA—CLAIM DE LA TORRE HAS NOW SURRENDERED.

San Antonio, Texas, May 20.—General Carranza is attempting to escape from Mexico through the port of Naulta, state of Vera Cruz, according to a despatch reaching this city from Mexico City and credited to General Trevino, who had just returned to the capital from the state of Puebla.

Trevino said he had dispatched three columns in pursuit of the president, in command of a leader well acquainted with the terrain, according to the despatch. Trevino declared that Carranza's escape was impossible and predicted his capture within a few hours, the despatch added.

Chihuahua City, May 20.—Juan Rico, Secretary of the Mexican Labor party, has received the following telegram from the department of information and propaganda in Mexico City:

"General De La Torre of the Carranza forces today surrendered to General Guadalupe Sanchez near San Marcos, Puebla. General Carlos (Continued on Page Eight.)

## FULLER FOUND DEAD ON FLOOR

Asphyxiated By Fumes From Disconnected Gas Tube.

William Fuller, 81 years old, of 1329 Stratford avenue was found dead from gas poisoning by Mrs. Charles Manchester, at whose home he was living, at 11 o'clock this morning.

Mrs. Manchester left the house early this morning and when she returned at 11 o'clock she found Fuller dead on the floor of the dining room. She sent in a call for the Emergency ambulance. Dr. B. J. Burns responded and found the case past medical attention. Death was attributed to gas poisoning, the gas fumes coming from a disconnected gas tube in the kitchen. Medical Examiner Dr. S. M. Garlick was investigating at noon.

## BANKS' ACTION CAUSES DECLINES IN MARKET

New York, May 2.—The attack by banks on high prices through credit restrictions was reflected in today's stock market. Additional losses of 1 to 2 points at the feverishly active opening with extensions during the course of the first hour generally attributed to further enforced liquidations for out of town interests.

Commission houses with direct wire connections to middle west and southwestern points had large selling orders. These were augmented by heavy offerings from local sources. The short interests also helped to hasten the decline.

A very considerable part of the further reaction was believed to have resulted from the more pressing needs of merchants and other individuals who found their credits impaired by the vigorous methods adopted by the banks at the earnest solicitation of the federal reserve board.

Local bank officials received by mail and telegraph messages from their correspondents testifying to the rising tide of the price cutting movement. An extensive New England connection indicated that Boston was reducing its loans, not only on such important

commodities as leathers and textiles but on copper as well.

Chicago, Pittsburgh, Cleveland and smaller cities of the middle west where industrial booms were recorded during the last few years, reported to their New York correspondents that further curtailment of credits and reduction of business activity were in progress.

The head of a large local bank expressed the opinion that financial conditions throughout the country at large had been strengthened in consequence of the price reduction made in many lines of merchandise. He believed, however, that the movement might get beyond reasonable bounds and work unnecessary hardship to small traders.

"In the reaction from excessively high and unwarranted prices," said this official, "there is danger that the pendulum may swing too far the other way."

An attack on high prices was made from another angle by the National Preserves and Fruit Products Association, which announced that its members would stay out of the sugar market until prices fell.

## 100 Deputy Sheriffs Patrolling Streets

Matamoras, W. Va., May 20.—A hundred deputy sheriffs armed with rifles are patrolling the streets here today and detachments of the state constabulary are expected to arrive at any moment as the result of the killing of twelve persons last night in a battle between private detectives and citizens. The situation was quiet this morning.

The deputies rushed here late last night by Sheriff G. T. Blankenship of Mingo county had matters so well in hand that they made no effort to disperse gatherings of citizens at the Norfolk and Western railroad station where the state troops were expected to leave their trains when they arrived.

Williamson, W. Va., May 20.—Six troopers of the West Virginia state police arrived here at dawn on their way to Matamoras, W. Va., according to Sheriff G. T. Blankenship of Mingo county. He reported there had been no further disturbances in the mining town where a battle between private detectives, citizens and the authorities occurred last night. Armed deputies were still patrolling the streets, awaiting the arrival of state constabulary men.

The list of dead had been reduced from 12 to 10, he said, with five reported wounded.

## BARBERS WILL NOT RAISE PRICE

Joseph F. Adiletta, organizer and vice president of the Journeymen Barbers' International Union of America, says that there will be no increase in their prices as quoted by the union barbers of New Haven. He is very much against the attempt to raise the prices and will fight against such a movement if brought up before this union. The J. B. I. U. of A. will hold a mass meeting at Carpenters' hall, 172 Elm street, June 12, to organize all the non-union barbers in the city of Bridgeport.

## GET MEN WHO ROBBED TAILOR

Captured recently in Lawrence, Mass., where they were wanted for two burglaries amounting to more than \$10,000, two men who gave their names as John Gordon and Walter Wessell have confessed to stealing \$6,000 worth of goods from the tailor shop of A. R. Harry, 22 West office Arcade, on the night of April 22.

Detective George Washburn, of the local police has been working on the case for some time, and has succeeded in locating the goods stolen in this city in a "fence" in New York. It is probable that a major portion of the material will be recovered. In view of the fact that the men will probably serve a long jail term for the Massachusetts robberies, it is not likely that they will be brought back to Bridgeport.

## PLAINTIFF GETS \$550 VERDICT

A verdict for \$550 in favor of the plaintiff was rendered by the jury in the Superior court this noon, in the case of James De Cava against Mitchell Dairy Company for injuries to the automobile of the plaintiff which was struck by a truck of the Mitchell company on August 13, 1919. It was allowed that the damages were caused by the defendant's truck striking the plaintiff's car on John street.

### SUIT FOR \$900 DAMAGES.

A suit for \$900 damages for injuries to a motor truck of Hegeman & Barrett by a motor truck belonging to Charles W. Keuhn, Jr., on April 16 has been returned to the Court of Common Pleas today.

## Machinist DANIELS' Strike In Brass City REPLY TO CRITICS

Hundreds Drop Tools and Join in Walk-out.

Waterbury, Conn., May 20.—Promptly at 10 o'clock this morning in accordance with a vote taken at a meeting held last night, hundreds of machinists employed in the various factories of the city laid down their tools and joined in a walkout. Estimates as to the number on strike vary from 1,200 to 2,000. Unskilled workers who have been on strike for over one month assembled outside the factory gates and greeted the striking machinists with cheers when they left the factories. No disorders were reported. The men walked quietly from the factories carrying their tool boxes.

The machine companies were the hardest hit by today's walkout. The Blake & Johnson Machine Co. has announced that operations will be temporarily suspended due to the fact that practically all of their employees have quit. The E. J. Manville Machine Co. is also badly crippled by the walkout but will continue to operate. Whereas officers of that concern refused to estimate the number who left the plant this morning it was said that a very large percentage of the employees had quit. Strikers claim that practically every man in the mechanical department is on strike. At the Waterbury Farrel Foundry & Machine Co., it was stated that 137 out of 675 skilled workers had quit. According to officials of this company many of those who left the factory claimed they did not wish to strike but that they had been intimidated. Approximately 300 employees of the Sewall Mfg. Co. walked out at the appointed hour. American Brass Co. officials stated that only 20 employees in the various local branches of that concern had joined the strike.

## IT PAYS TO BE STAR WITNESS

Reported Mary Wilson Was Motored About City Yesterday.

Sometimes it pays to be a prisoner, especially if one is being held as a star witness for the prosecution. Take for instance the case of Mary Wilson, the 17-year-old girl who was "rescued" from a gang of alleged white slavers, by Burns detectives who lately conducted the wholesale raids in this city. It was reported this morning, that Mary was taken from an isolation cottage at Haledale home yesterday, and given a fine automobile ride around the city. Included in the party were several members of the new "vice squad" and a woman who is in the employ of the Burns agency. The police department automobile with a police chauffeur driving, was used for the tour and it is said that "a delightful time was enjoyed by all." In addition to this, it is reported that Mary has received flowers and boxes of candy from "goodness-knows-who" since her arrest and incarceration.

## MAN KILLED AND 2 WOMEN HURT

Dublin, May 20.—One man was killed and two women wounded in rioting in the streets of Limerick where police and soldiers were on duty.

Contingents of British cavalry and infantry are arriving in Ireland but the total number of troops now in the island is still considerably below that of a year ago. Many men then on duty had enlisted for the duration of the war and have since been demobilized.

Troops hitherto have been used merely as additional police officers and have not been numerous enough to cope with disturbances. In fights which have occurred at police barracks the attackers have generally been ten times more numerous than the defenders and as they have also been well armed the contest has been unequal. Soldiers, therefore, have been called in to establish a balance.

### 17 MADE CITIZENS.

Judge Howard J. Curtis in the Naturalization Court admitted 238 applicants for citizenship up to last night. Seventeen more were admitted this morning. Fifteen of these were ex-soldiers. This is the last day of the session for naturalization.

### COLLECTED \$56 THEN LEFT TOWN

After delivering a truck load of coal and collecting \$56 in payment, an employee of the Michael Hoffman Coal Company left town yesterday, and has not been seen since. The matter was reported to the police last night, but the authorities have not secured the man's name.

Followed Precedents Established By Those Before Him.

Washington, May 20.—Secretary Daniels today replied to the criticisms of malcontents that he did not take adequate steps to secure sufficient personnel for the navy before the United States entered the war. He told the Senate committee investigating the navy's conduct of the war that efforts to link his personnel policies in 1914 with the World War had been "abortive" and declared that if he erred then it was because he followed the precedents established by those who preceded him in office.

He had been criticized by Rear Admiral Fiske and other officers because in 1914 he only asked Congress for enough men to fill the peace complement of the ships, Mr. Daniels said, although he was only following recommendations of the general board, made in conformity with established policies of the department.

Mr. Daniels reviewed at length all the personnel legislation during his term of office and told the committee that "what the navy did in enrolling and training young men during the world war has had no precedent in any navy during the last or any previous wars."

The British navy, he said, totaled 415,162 officers and men when the armistice was signed, against 520,021 for the United States.

In May, 1916, the general board recommended 100,000 men as the number necessary for the navy for war in the Atlantic, Mr. Daniels said. In August of that year he recommended and congress authorized just 3,000 less than that number, he declared.

"Nobody in the navy in 1915 or 1916 dreamed that in any war so much as 500,000 men would be needed," he declared. It was not until after the United States entered the war that it became evident that preparations must be made on a much larger scale than 100,000 men, Mr. Daniels said.

## MILK DELIVERY ALMOST STOPPED

New York Faces Shortage—5,000 Drivers Said To Be Out.

New York, May 20.—Milk deliveries in Manhattan and Long Island City were almost completely cut off today by the strike of milk wagon drivers throughout the Bronx and Harlem sections. The few deliveries made were to hospitals, orphanages, nurseries and some institutions. While leaders of the unauthorized strike declared that 5,000 drivers had joined the walkout, union officials who are opposing the movement asserted that not more than 800 were out.

Heavy cordons of police were thrown around all milk distributing stations throughout the strike area. Several times they were forced to charge and disperse crowds of strikers who were doing picket duty and menacing loyal workers.

Strikers made several unsuccessful attempts to seize milk trucks. One driver was assaulted and injured while attempting a delivery. No arrests were made.

## ANNUAL HOUSE CLEANING JUNE 4

The annual house cleaning will take place in the Superior Court on June 4 when all the deadwood will be trimmed from the docket.

Cases more than ten years old will be called separately, and no such case will be continued on the docket except by order of Court for good cause shown.

All other cases more than one year old except receivership cases, in which no pleadings or other proceedings have been had during the past year, will be stricken from the docket, without being called, unless counsel of record have filed with the clerk not later than 10 a. m., Thursday, June 3rd, 1920, a written request to retain any such case upon the docket.

Notice is given to all Receivers, appointed by this Court, to be present in Court on Friday, June 4th, 1920, to answer for the condition of their estates and the accounting of their trusts.

## 2 DESTROYERS SENT TO MEXICO

Boston, May 20.—The destroyers Rodgers and Converse have been ordered to proceed to Mexican waters to relieve vessels now on duty there. The Rodgers was on her way today and the Converse was preparing to sail tomorrow.

## Several Took Part In Crime

Witnesses At Inquest Trace Wanderings of Skineovich.

More than one person was implicated in the brutal murder of Stanislaw Skineovich at Rooster river, Fairfield, last Friday night, in the opinion of Medical Examiner William F. Davidson of Fairfield, who performed the autopsy on the body, Saturday afternoon and who testified at the inquest held by Coroner John J. Phelan today.

The Medical Examiner bases his opinion on the fact that about six feet from where the body was found there was a pool of blood which was confined within an area of two feet and that the blood came from the gash across the throat of the murdered man.

The doctor says the blood would not be confined to this small area unless someone held the body while his neck was cut and for the two or three minutes while the hemorrhage lasted, from the severing of the jugular veins in the neck. The arteries were not severed. If they had been the doctor said, the hemorrhage would have taken a much shorter time.

The doctor also testified that in his opinion the long gash in the abdomen and the cuts on the knee were made after the man was dead as there was no hemorrhage from either of these wounds as would be the case if made while he was alive.

The body had been dragged down the hill for about six feet from the place where the man died to the place in which it lay when first discovered. That the clothes had been hurriedly torn from the body was shown from the fact that the shirt was turned inside out and the shoes and stockings lay beside the body. The rest of the clothes were piled on the lower part of the body and set on fire by the perpetrators of the crime and the body itself was scorched from the burning clothes. From all the facts it could not have been a suicide.

Other witnesses traced the wanderings of the dead man from the time he left the Crane factory and went to a saloon on Main street where he had several drinks of whiskey and beer and made a loan of \$5 to Frank Worske of 367 Main street out of his pay. He showed his friends that he had received \$37 for his last week's work.

He afterwards went to a restaurant next to the saloon with Worske and after eating went to another saloon where he had four or five more drinks. While Worske was shaking hands with some other man the deceased left the last saloon, saying that he wanted to take a North Main street car and go home, as he had to go to work in the morning.

The bartender and cook in another saloon testified that about 11 o'clock Friday night, a man who they believed was Skineovich came into the saloon and was so intoxicated that he was told to leave as he would not be served there.

It was stated that it would have been impossible for the murdered man to reach the spot where the body was found unless he took a Brooklyn car and these stop running at 1 o'clock. It is the belief of the witnesses that he could not have walked to Fairfield in condition he was in at that night.

John Petrills, a brother of the man with whom Skineovich boarded, lived out near where the body was found and one of the witnesses was of the opinion that John might have seen him after he left the saloons, as Skineovich had visited him before.

The hearing was adjourned until tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock by the coroner.

## LOCAL MAN IS HELD FOR CRIME

Homicide Resulted From Quarrel Over Woman.

Waterbury, Conn., May 23.—Forto Strenza, of 1219 North Main street, Bridgeport, was charged with murder today and held without bonds until the coroner has completed his inquest. The homicide resulted from a fight between Strenza and the man he killed, Luigi Gigliotti, 36, of 127 Wolcott street, this city. The former has knife wounds in the left ear and neck. These wounds were dressed at the hospital before Strenza was locked up.

Police inquiry appeared to show that Strenza followed a girl, said to be his sweetheart from Bridgeport to this city because, he said, he had heard she was to meet another man. The girl met Gigliotti at the corner of Meadow and Canal streets and where the fight and shooting occurred. The police learn that Gigliotti was a friend of the man whom the girl expected to meet and was not the man Strenza said he expected the girl would see.

Gigliotti was shot four times, one cartridge contents tearing away considerable of his head. The police are running down the versions of stories told by friends of all the parties.

Local police say they have no record of Strenza.

## ALLEGES MALICIOUS PROSECUTION CAUSE OF SUIT AGAINST HIM

SPECIAL INVESTIGATOR LIGHT REPORTED NO CASE AGAINST FOUR LAWYERS AFTER HEARING EVIDENCE—PRESENT SUIT TO OBTAIN REDRESS.

Deputy Sheriff Reilly served papers today in a \$50,000 action brought by Attorney Henry Greenstein against Attorney Charles S. Canfield, Attorney John Smith and Andrew P. Nichols. Malicious prosecution is the allegation made in the complaint.

This action grows out of the complaint made against Attorney Greenstein, Attorney Badesch, Attorney Mesard, and Attorney Breen in which it was asserted these four men had attempted to defraud Nichols of a sum due him on a contract for the sale of an invention.

Complaint was made to Prosecuting Attorney A. L. Delaney and he issued warrants for the arrest of the four lawyers. Judge John H. Light of Norwalk was appointed as special investigator to hear the evidence in the case. After a number of postponements he finally gave his decision. After carefully weighing all the evidence presented he gave as his opinion that there was no case against the attorneys. The court accepted his report and the discharge of the four men was ordered at once.

## REDDING HOME NOW URGED FOR MEMORIAL

(Special to The Times.)

Redding, May 20.—Last year members of the State Park Commission came to this town prospecting for a suitable location for a state park. Later there has been advanced the proposition that the state acquire the former Mark Twain house in Hartford so that it may be preserved as a lasting memorial of the famous author. Why not amend the latter project by substituting Storfield, the Redding Mark Twain home, for the Hartford home and by the acquisition of the Redding property obtain both the desired memorial and the desired park.

There are obstacles in the way of securing the Hartford house and grounds which do not exist as regards Storfield. The former property is now owned by parties who purpose its conversion into an apartment house and whose selling price is \$400,000 although it cost them but \$51,000. The attorney general has given an opinion to the effect that the state possesses the power to obtain the property by condemnation, a process that would probably permit of its acquisition for much less than \$300,000. There is, however, no money available for paying the amount an appraisal committee might fix and the next legislature might refuse to vote the required appropriation. In that event condemnation proceedings would accomplish nothing unless individuals advanced the necessary funds, a contingency of course possible but hardly probable.

As to Storfield it has been on the market since the death of its original owner at a price of \$75,000 and Mrs. Clara Gabrieliwitsch, the present owner, would presumably welcome and facilitate execution of a plan to place it under state ownership as a permanent memorial of her father. Recently a New York association interested in combating tuberculosis entered into negotiations for the purchase of the property, but so far without decisive results. The obstacle may have been the price or it may have been Mrs. Gabrieliwitsch's objection to the purpose intended, support for the latter theory being found in the fact that a proposition several years ago for its acquisition for a sanitarium was summarily rejected. During the war she tendered the use of it as a hospital for soldier patients of the artist class, but for some reason the project failed of realization. The park features of the entire plan above outlined is well provided for by the land included in the property, a gently sloping hillside lightly wooded and extending nearly to the Saugatuck river. The tract comprises nearly 300 acres.

Viewed in the light of comparative meek consequent upon intimate personal associations the Redding proposition would seem to possess advantages over the Hartford proposition. The planning of the Storfield house had the approval of Mark Twain in its various details and soon after he entered upon its occupancy he declared that it suited him so fully that it would continue to be his home for the rest of his days. And it was there he did much literary work, entertained many visitors of world distinction and broke his rule against further public appearances by becoming a platform entertainer for the library which bears his name and which must also be an object of interest to his admirers. Even with official recognition Storfield from the time it was built, has taken on somewhat the character of a literary shrine. A good percentage of the auto tourists visiting the town would seek information as to the location of the "Mark Twain house" and the incursion of those intent on the same pilgrimage has never wholly ceased. The accessibility of the place will be largely improved in the near future by the building of the trunk highway across the Ridge section and completion of the state road eastward from Georgetown. It is not beyond the possibilities that the two homes of Mark Twain will be rival candidates before the next Legislature for favor and an appropriation. Should that happen the advocates of Storfield can rightly claim that as far as physical objects can convey a suggestion of human personality the Redding house with its undisturbed rural environment is more truly representative of the author than the Hartford house and is at least equally rich in reminiscent qualities.

## Teams Arranged For Big Catholic Drive

At the meeting held Wednesday evening, St. Augustine's hall, at which Rev. Matthew J. Judge presided, there were present chairmen, captains and workers in charge of next week's campaign for an extension fund for work of the Catholic Charitable Bureau to include the purchase or erection of a Community House.

Chairmen announced names of captains selected to head up teams, each team consisting of captain and ten workers.

Captains announced last night: Men's Division, St. Augustine's—Chairman, Thomas Walsh; captains, D. J. Buckley, Jesse Hamilton, Leo Redgate, Daniel Brennan, James Rooney.

Women's Division, St. Augustine's—Chairman, Mrs. James Bourke; captains, Mrs. J. A. Levery, Mrs. Thomas Morrisey, Mrs. M. J. Flanagan, Miss Lenore Heffernan, Mrs. Thomas Clancy.

Men's Division, Blessed Sacrament—Chairman, Charles Reynolds; captains, John Kelly, Thomas Gleason, Charles Freeman, Edward Lavery, Thomas Callan.

Women's Division, Blessed Sacrament—Chairman, Mrs. A. L. Kraus.

Captains, Mrs. H. Streck, Mrs. George Ellison, Mrs. Umstadter, Mrs. T. Downey, Mrs. J. O'Brien.

Men's Division, St. Patrick's—Chairman, W. E. Hogan; captains, Thos. Hewett, Robert Kelley.

Women's Division, St. Patrick's—Miss Frances Kelly, Gertrude Sheehan, Annabelle McPadden.

Men's Division, Sacred Heart—Chairman, James Stone; captains, John W. Hibbert, Hugh Dewitt, George Ellsworth, William Doolan, Roland Ward.

Women's Division, Sacred Heart—Chairman, Mrs. Anna Sullivan; captains, Mrs. P. J. Lynch, Mrs. Catherine Sullivan, Miss Nellie Dunn, Miss Jane Day, Mrs. William Honan.

Men's Division, St. Mary's—Chairman, Peter Davey; captains, James L. McGovern, William E. Redden, John E. Lyddy, Owen Twolan, Charles Fagan.

Women's Division, St. Mary's—Chairman, Mrs. L. O'Connor; captains, Mrs. John Daskam, Miss J. Kieley, Mrs. William Redden, Mrs. Charles Haire, Miss Anna Davey.